- 1 2022 NYSAC Legislative Conference
- 2 NYSAC Board of Directors
- 3 **Resolution #3**

## Resolution Calling on the Governor and the Legislature to Suspend Any Further State Diversion of Local Sales Tax for Distressed Health Facilities and Sunset the Law

7 WHEREAS, over the last three years the State has enacted legislation to divert local

8 sales tax to state coffers so it can be used to supplant state funding support for their own

- 9 programs, or to simply fill gaps in the state financial plan; and
- WHEREAS, county officials believe local sales tax is too valuable and important for
   county government and local taxpayers to be interfered with it is sacrosanct; and
- 12 WHEREAS, the state diversion of county and New York City sales tax, along with
- 13 indirect actions that force local sales tax to be spent as directed by the state, has reached
- 14 \$1.2 billion since enacted three years ago; and
- 15 WHEREAS, sales tax is the number one revenue source for many counties across the
- state and therefore the primary local revenue to support services in our communities,
- 17 especially for front line workers responding to and facilitating recovery efforts from the
- 18 pandemic; and
- 19 WHEREAS, sales tax is also the number one local revenue source for counties that
- help keep property taxes lower, including for hundreds of cities, towns and villages
- 21 across the state that receive a share of the county sales tax; and
- 22 WHEREAS, the largest state diversion of county and New York City sales tax was
- enacted to support a temporary, two year, \$250 million per year fiscally distressed
- 24 health facilities pool to help them with fiscal impacts caused by the pandemic; and
- 25 **WHEREAS**, the \$50 million county share of this sales tax diversion is equal to about 26 one-half of the annual allowable property tax cap growth in a typical county; and
- WHEREAS, \$500 million in local sales tax has been diverted by the state with none of
  this funding being distributed to health facilities in New York; and
- 29 **WHEREAS**, while these diversions occurred during the height of the pandemic
- 30 through multiple waves of infections, hospitalizations, and deaths; still no funds were
- 31 provided to health care providers from the Distressed Provider Assistance Fund; and
- 32 WHEREAS, on the final day of state fiscal year 2021, \$250 million of local sales tax
- 33 was transferred out of the Distressed Provider Assistance Fund and deposited into the
- 34 State General Fund; and

- 1 WHEREAS, at the beginning of the pandemic the state actually increased fiscal
- 2 distress for health facilities by cutting reimbursements to them by hundreds of millions
- 3 of dollars annually, including across-the-board rate cuts, eliminating Enhanced Safety
- 4 Net Funding Pools, eliminating equity funding pools to facilities, reducing indigent care
- 5 pools, among other reductions; and
- 6 WHEREAS, the support of fiscally distressed health facilities has been a federal and
- 7 state responsibility for decades as they set nearly all the rules of operation for the
- 8 healthcare system, as well as the reimbursement levels for Medicare, Medicaid and
- 9 other public health programs which account for nearly half of all health care
- 10 expenditures in the United States; and
- 11 WHEREAS, low state established Medicaid reimbursement rates to health providers,
- 12 that safety net hospitals have identified reimburses less than 68 percent of their actual
- 13 costs of providing health care, is the leading cause of fiscal distress for these facilities;
- 14 and
- 15 WHEREAS, the State Legislature does not support the diversion of local sales tax to
- 16 pay for a distressed health facilities fund as this has historically been a state
- 17 responsibility; and
- 18 **WHEREAS**, a key reason to not rely on highly regressive local property and sales taxes
- 19 to support state programs, is that the state tax base is far broader and the tax code is
- vastly more progressive so it can call on high income individuals and multi-billion dollar
- 21 corporations to generate revenues; and
- 22 **WHEREAS**, the Executive Budget is assuming \$38 billion in surpluses over the next 23 four years with large surpluses in each year of the State Financial Plan, which has never
- happened before in the state budget; and
- 25 WHEREAS, the SFY 2023 Executive Budget proposes to increase health care spending
- by \$10 billion over the next several years to support the health care industry, which
- includes repealing some of the cuts they imposed at the start of the pandemic thereby
- significantly reducing fiscal stress among New York's health care providers; and
- WHEREAS, this vast increase in state financial supports eliminates the need for local
   sales tax diversions to support distressed health providers; and
- 31 WHEREAS, the counties and New York City will continue to pay \$8 billion annually to
- 32 support state Medicaid services and benefits, which will directly support health care
- 33 providers; and
- 34 WHEREAS, Congress recognized the fiscal stress that health facilities shouldered
- 35 during the pandemic; and

- WHEREAS, Congress authorized \$178 billion in direct payments to health care 1
- facilities and providers through several different federal COVID pandemic response 2
- bills: and 3
- WHEREAS, health care facilities and providers in New York State have received \$14.1 4
- billion in federal assistance released in 19 separate installments the latest being in 5
- 6 January 2022, with \$36 billion of the federal funding still to be distributed; and
- 7 8 WHEREAS, according to press statements from Senators Schumer and Gillibrand,
- these federal payments replaced 87 percent of the lost revenues for health facilities in
- New York through the first half of 2020, and more than half of the federal assistance 9
- 10 delivered to health providers in New York state occurred after these statements; and
- **WHEREAS**, the magnitude of the federal assistance to health providers in New York 11
- State cannot be understated as it would take 56 years of annual diversions of \$250 12
- million in local sales tax revenues to equal the amount of federal aid provided in less 13
- than two years to New York's health facilities. 14
- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the New York State Association of 15
- 16 Counties calls on the Governor and State Legislature to sunset this program as
- scheduled, or in conjunction with the end of the federally declared public health 17
- emergency for the COVID-19 pandemic, but no later than September 30, 2022; and 18
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that copies of this resolution be sent to the counties 19
- of New York State encouraging member counties to enact similar resolutions: and 20
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the New York State Association of Counties shall 21
- forward copies of this resolution to Governor Kathy Hochul, the New York State 22
- Legislature and all others deemed necessary and proper. 23