April 24, 2020 - Webinar

County Budgeting Through the Covid 19 Pandemic





ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

YORK STA







Robert W. Keating Director of Budget & Managemnt, Erie County





COVID-19 Disaster: Erie County Budget Management



Hon. Mark Poloncarz Erie County Executive Robert Keating Director of Budget & Management

Dedicated Disaster Fund

- Create Separate Special Revenue Fund to track disaster costs and reimbursements
- Cleaner process for possible FEMA Reimbursement
- Closely track emergency spending
- Separate unusual expenses
- Maintain detailed time logs, including sign-in sheets

Short-Term Borrowing

- Imminent collapse of sales tax revenue triggered shortterm borrowing need
- Received Legislative authorization for \$125,000,000 RAN
- Going to market soon
- Somewhat volatile market
- Direct negotiated sales a possibility

Cost Control Measures

- Quickly initiated a non-essential employee hiring freeze
- Stopped non-essential spending
- Held or delaying certain third party payments
- Developed set of possible mid-year cuts
- Daily cash flow check-in with Comptroller's Office

Revenue Loss Projections

2020 Expected Revenue Drop from 2019	Sales Tax	Bed Tax	State Aid	Clerk Fees	Other Receipts	Total
Jan-Mar Impact	N/A	1.1	3.0	N/A	N/A	4.1
Apr	21.5	1.1	2.7	0.5	1.5	27.3
May	29.4	1.1	3.0	0.4	1.5	35.4
June	21.6	1.3	2.9	0.4	1.7	27.9
July	20.0	1.0	2.7	0.5	2.0	26.2
Aug	22.9	1.0	2.9	0.5	2.0	29.3
Sept	15.2	0.9	2.5	0.5	1.6	20.7
Oct	13.5	0.8	2.6	0.5	1.5	18.9
Nov	15.1	0.7	2.6	0.4	1.5	20.3
Dec	10.5	0.5	3.8	0.4	1.5	16.7
2020 Expected Revenue Decline	169.7	9.5	28.7	4.1	14.8	226.8

Future Measures

- Deficiency Note
 - Potential long-term borrowing to cover emergency revenue shortfalls
 - Legislation developed by Bond Counsel's across NYS
- Future Federal Aid
 - CARES Act modifications
 - CDBG Grants in C4

ERIE COUNTY LEADS THE WAY

Mary Gates Ontario County Director of Finance





Estimating Lost Revenue from Sales Tax

Mary Gates, Director of Finance

Ontario County

Where to start...

New York State Taxation & Finance

Sales Tax Vendor Report - ST240

- Provides Jurisdiction Split by County
- Every Business and their sales tax payments for the past 3 years broken out quarterly
- SIC and NAICS Codes for each business which provides for type of business (agriculture, retail, manufacturing, utilities, etc.)

Using NAICS Codes

- Allows for targeted analysis of various businesses to break sales tax receipts out by type of business
- Remove affected businesses from the equation
 - Car Dealers (not their service centers)
 - Clothing/merchandise/department stores (not Wal-Mart, Target, BJs, etc)
 - Personal Care (hairdressers, barbers, massage therapists, etc.)
 - Entertainment (movie theaters, bowling alleys, etc.)
 - ► Gyms

Calculate the loss per quarter for each of the three years.	What's left?	10,763,275.72	11,615,958.67	11,144,751.69	10,838,263.92
	Total	19,062,178.00	20,662,243.77	19,767,186.90	19,093,364.35
Translate into a daily number & determine an average loss per	Loss	8,298,902.28	9,046,285.10	8,622,435.21	8,255,100.43
day		43.54%	43.78%	43.62%	43.24%
	# Days	91	91	90	89
	Loss per Day	91,196.73	99,409.73	95,804.84	92,753.94

Avg. Loss/Day	93,743.89	
		Loss while closed
3/22/2020		
4/30/2020	39	3,656,011.71
5/31/2020	70	6,562,072.30
6/30/2020	100	9,374,389.00



Sales tax recovery won't be like turning on a light switch

Social Distancing



Discretionary Spending

► The "New Normal"

Estimating recovery

Month 1 back - 35% Month 2 back - 45% Month 3 back - 50% Month 4 back - 65% Month 5 & beyond - 80%

65% Loss	55% Loss	50% Loss	35% Loss	20% Loss
1,888,939.38	1,828,005.86	1,888,939.38	1,888,939.38	7,433,890.48
1,828,005.86	1,888,939.38	1,888,939.38	1,828,005.86	5,605,884.62
1,888,939.38	1,888,939.38	1,828,005.86	1,888,939.38	3,716,945.24

Adding Parameters

Discount your loss based on:

- Will all businesses in your analysis close completely
- What percentage do you expect to move to on-line sales
- Timing was different on closing based on type of business
- Adjust your recovery based on:
 - Timing will be different for reopening based on type of business
 - How many of your businesses might not be able to reopen
 - What is the "meat and potatoes" of your sales tax



Workforce Options Case Study Schuyler County

Background

- Small rural county population 17,800
- Tourism and agriculture are economic drivers
 - 3 million visitors per year
 - Home of WGI, WG State Park, Seneca Lake, 50 wineries
 - Experiencing consistent growth year over year
 - Dairy comprises 80% of agricultural economy
 - Reopening will be a challenge given these demographics
 - Tax Levy = \$11.2 million
 - COVID -19 stats as of 4/23: 9 cases, 9 recoveries, 0 hospitalizations, 0 Deaths

Economic Factors Influencing Decisions

Pre COVID-19

• 2020/21 NYS Budget confers unilateral authority to Governor to balance budget (4/28, 6/30, 12/31)

Post COVID-19

- Executive Order 202.12-NYS Income Tax filing date extended to 7/15- Guaranteed revenue shortfalls
- Executive Orders 202.4, 202.6,202.18 Workforce reductions/social distancing through 5/15
- Federal Stimulus increasing eligibility for unemployment payment while increasing payments by \$600 per recipient
- Federal Stimulus also reduces employer share of unemployment premium by 50%

Economic Factors (cont.)

- Using guidance from NYSAC and historical trend analysis Schuyler projects 2020 deficit as follows:
 - Potential loss of state reimbursement: \$1 – \$1.5 million
 - Sales tax deficit:
 - \$2 \$3 million
 - Room tax deficit (50%):

\$400,000

- *Result: Contemplation of temporary workforce reduction*
- Furlough vs. Layoff

Furlough Continuum

- Initial consideration 4/6
 - Financial impact calculations Employer & Employee
- Legal (in house and outside counsel)
- Human Resources Civil Service Law
- Administrative Team Discussion 4/7
 - Criteria for selection for furlough
- Union Leadership Mtg 4/13
- Legislative Action 4/13
- 4/17 32 staff furloughed (12.8% of workforce)
- \$88,541/month net savings
- 30 day increments

Parameters

- Do no harm
- Pro active- Temporary reductions now to avert permanent cuts later
- All furloughed staff will be reinstated
- No staff members weekly pay is reduced due to enhanced UI
- County maintains health insurance (employee contributions remain in effect)
- Staff continue to accrue vacation and sick time

% Increase/(De UI Wkly w/Stimulus Annual UI crease) Dept \$ \$ \$ \$ DSS 42,365 815 407 1,007 124% **Financial** \$ \$ \$ \$ 43,136 830 415 1,015 122% \$ \$ \$ \$ 444 46,217 889 1,044 118% Impact \$ \$ \$ \$ 27,638 532 266 866 163% Calculation \$ \$ \$ \$ 33,195 638 319 919 144% \$ \$ \$ \$ 38,166 734 367 967 132% \$ 37,652 \$ \$ \$ 724 362 962 133% \$ \$ \$ \$ 38,679 744 372 972 131% \$ \$ \$ \$ 32,609 627 314 914 146% \$ \$ \$ \$ 46,340 891 446 1,046 117% \$ \$ \$ \$ 48,747 937 469 1,069 114%







Garrett MacDonald Vice President

Joseph Rulison CEO, Co-Founder

Week Ending	Forecast	Low	Prior Actual
3/13/20	16,900,000	8,400,000	17,100,000
3/20/20	16,400,000	7,800,000	17,000,000
3/27/20	20,200,000	11,700,000	17,600,000
4/3/20	19,500,000	11,000,000	19,700,000
4/10/20	18,800,000	10,300,000	19,800,000
4/17/20	17,900,000	9,500,000	18,100,000
4/24/20	17,900,000	9,500,000	18,100,000
5/1/20	14,900,000	6,500,000	15,500,000
5/8/20	14,300,000	5,900,000	13,600,000
5/15/20	13,100,000	4,800,000	13,200,000
5/22/20	12,800,000	4,500,000	11,900,000
5/29/20	14,100,000	5,800,000	12,300,000
6/5/20	12,000,000	3,900,000	9,200,000
6/12/20	9,400,000	1,300,000	8,100,000
6/19/20	9,100,000	900,000	5,900,000
6/26/20	7,500,000	-	5,800,000
7/3/20	6,700,000	-	5,700,000
7/10/20	6,100,000	-	5,800,000

Six Liquidity Considerations

(1)Don't rush to judgement on what the perceived implications of COVID-19 are. Short-term liquidity forecasting – separate from long-term budgeting. Data, data, data.

(2)What compensating balance do you have with your bank(s)? What is a reasonable rate? If there is none, then what interest are you earning on all dollars? It is a myth that you can't earn interest right now.

(3)How can we use all liquidity during this time of uncertainly?



Six Liquidity Considerations

(4)What is your full toolbox?

(5)Know the difference between the general ledger perspective and the liquidity perspective.

(6)Are you confident you can operate a decentralized finance office?

- -Are you relying on check printing?
- -Are you relying on cash/check deposits?
- -Are you relying on one option for taxpayers to pay taxes?

-Are you relying on getting mailed paper statements? Where are they being mailed?

-Urging direct deposit.





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