- 1 2021 NYSAC Fall Seminar
- 2 NYSAC Board of Directors
- 3 **Resolution #1**

## Calling on the State of New York to Increase and Fully Fund County Law 18B Assigned Counsel Statutory Pay Levels

- 6 WHEREAS, the United States Constitution established, and the Supreme Court
- 7 decision <u>Gideon v. Wainwright</u> clarified, that credible counsel must be provided for all
- 8 those accused of a crime, regardless of their ability to pay; and
- 9 WHEREAS, New York State took legislative action to establish a criminal indigent
- 10 defense legal system that passed the responsibility of providing these criminal defense
- services, and many of the costs associated with it, to counties and local property
- 12 taxpayers; and
- 13 WHEREAS, in 2007, the New York State Civil Liberties Union sued the State of New
- 14 York in <u>Hurrell-Harring v. State of New York</u>, which showed indigent criminal defense

15 services were underfunded by the State and failed to meet constitutionally required

- 16 standards; and
- 17 WHEREAS, prior to <u>Hurrell-Harring</u>, the 57 New York counties spent \$164 million
- 18 annually on public defense while the state provided the 57 counties with only \$39
- 19 million in indigent defense support; and
- WHEREAS, the New York State Legislature recognized that the State needed to
  provide more funding and in 2017 passed historic legislation increasing state funding by
- 22 upwards of \$250 million per year to directly improve indigent defense services; and
- 23 WHEREAS, while counties are still funding the same amount, the State's 2017
- 24 legislative influx of funding has made New York State a leader in indigent defense
- 25 services; and
- 26 WHEREAS, due to different county demographics and needs, counties have flexibility
- in how to provide criminal defense by using a combination of public defenders, conflict
- defense offices, and privately contracted attorneys known as 18B counsel (named after
- 29 the applicable section of County Law); and
- 30 WHEREAS, all counties rely on the services of 18B attorneys to perform these services
- to both handle the overflow of work as well as handling conflicts that come into the
- 32 public defender's office; and
- 33 WHEREAS, unfortunately, while the 2017 State legislation that helped vastly improve
- 34 the indigent defense system, one area that was not addressed was the pay rate of 18B
- 35 attorneys; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Article 18B establishes compensation paid to attorneys for assigned
- 2 counsel work at \$60/hour for misdemeanor matters and \$75/hour for felony defense;
- 3 and
- 4 WHEREAS, these rates have remained unchanged since 2004 and in that same time
- 5 period the United States has experienced wage growth of 58 percent for highly skilled
- 6 labor; and
- 7 WHEREAS, counties across the state have had difficulty in recent years attracting and
- 8 retaining quality 18B attorneys and the stagnant pay has been identified as a major
- 9 contributing factor; and
- WHEREAS, without properly funding 18B attorneys, the work by the State to improve
  indigent defense services could be in jeopardy of regressing.
- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the New York State Association of
  Counties (NYSAC) calls on the State to increase the 18B attorney hourly rate and to
- 14 include an annual adjustment; and
- 15 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, the State needs to fully fund this increase in keeping
- 16 with the logical reasoning of the Hurrell-Harring case as well as building on the State
- 17 legislature's historic 2017 legislation; and
- 18 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that copies of this resolution be sent to the counties of 19 New York State encouraging member counties to enact similar resolutions; and
- 20 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that NYSAC shall forward copies of this resolution to 21 the New York State Congressional Delegation, Governor Kathy Hochul, the New York
- 22 State Legislature, and all others deemed necessary and proper.