2022 NYSAC Fall Seminar NYSAC Board of Directors Resolution #1

Calling on the State of New York to Fully Fund County Law 18B Assigned Counsel Statutory Pay Levels

WHEREAS, the United States Constitution established, and the Supreme Court decision <u>Gideon v. Wainwright</u> clarified, that competent counsel is to be given to all accused of a crime, regardless of their ability to pay; and

WHEREAS, New York State took legislative action to establish a criminal indigent defense legal system that passed the responsibility of providing these criminal defense services, and many of the costs associated with them, to counties and local property taxpayers; and

WHEREAS, in 2007, the New York State Civil Liberties Union sued the State of New York in <u>Hurrell-Harring v. State of New York</u>, which showed indigent criminal defense services were underfunded by the State and failed to meet constitutionally required standards; and

WHEREAS, prior to <u>Hurrell-Harring</u>, the 57 New York counties spent \$164 million annually on public defense while the State provided the 57 counties with only \$39 million in indigent defense support; and

WHEREAS, the New York State Legislature recognized that the State needs to provide additional funding and, in 2017, passed historic legislation allocating \$250 million per year, when fully implemented, of state funding to directly improve indigent defense services; and

WHEREAS, while counties are still funding the same amount, the State's 2017 funding increase has made New York State a leader in indigent defense services; and

WHEREAS, due to different county demographics and needs, counties have flexibility in how to provide criminal defense by using a combination of public defenders, conflict defense offices, and private contracted attorneys known as 18B counsel (named after the applicable section of County Law); and

WHEREAS, all counties rely on the services of 18B attorneys to perform these services to handle the overflow of work and handle conflicts that come into the public defender's office; and

WHEREAS, unfortunately, the 2017 state legislation did not address the pay rate for 18B attorneys; and

WHEREAS, Article 18B establishes compensation paid to attorneys for assigned 1 2 counsel work at \$60/hour for misdemeanor matters and \$75/hour for felony defense; 3 and 4 WHEREAS, these rates have remained unchanged since 2004 and, in that same time 5 6 period, the United States has seen inflation rise by 57 percent; and 7 8 WHEREAS, counties across the State have had difficulty in recent years attracting and 9 keeping quality 18B attorneys in their region, with stagnate pay reported as the major contributing factor; and 10 11 **WHEREAS**, without properly funding 18B attorneys, which will keep and attract 12 quality attorneys, the good work by the State to improve indigent defense services could 13 be in jeopardy. 14 15 **NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the New York State Association of** 16 Counties (NYSAC) calls on the State to increase the 18B attorney rate to equitable levels; 17 18 and 19 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the State needs to fully fund this increase in keeping 20 with the reasoning set forth in the Hurrell-Harring case, and to build on the State 21 Legislature's historic 2017 legislation; and 22 23 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that copies of this resolution be sent to the counties 24 of New York State encouraging member counties to enact similar resolutions; and 25 26

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that NYSAC shall forward copies of this resolution to

the Governor of the State of New York, the New York State Legislature, and all others

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deemed necessary and proper.